- **37.** yes; $g(x) = x^2 4$, where $x \ge 0$
- **38.** yes; $g(x) = x^2 + 6$, where $x \ge 0$
- **39.** yes; $g(x) = \frac{x^3}{8} + 5$
- **40.** no; $y = \pm \sqrt{\frac{x+5}{2}}$
- **41.** no; $y = \pm \sqrt[4]{x-2}$
- **42.** yes; $g(x) = \sqrt[3]{\frac{x+5}{2}}$
- **43.** yes; $g(x) = \frac{x^3}{27} 1$
- **44.** yes; $g(x) = \frac{-3x^3 4}{2}$
- **45.** yes; $g(x) = \sqrt[5]{2x}$
- **46.** yes; $g(x) = \frac{x^2 + 21}{12}$, where $x \le 0$
- **47.** B
- **48.** C

- **49.** The functions are not inverses.
- **50.** The functions are inverses.
- **51.** The functions are inverses.
- **52.** The functions are not inverses.
- **53.** $\ell = \left(\frac{v}{1.34}\right)^2$; about 31.3 ft
- **54.** $L = \frac{8}{3}R + \frac{40}{3}$; 64 in.
- **55.** B
- **56.** C
- **57.** A
- **58.** D
- **59.** 5; When x = 5, $2x^2 + 3 = 53$.
- **60.** no; *Sample answer:* $y = (x 1)^2, x \ge 0$ does not have an inverse function.